Federal Aviation Administration, DOT

- (1) The date of manufacture of an airplane is the date the inspection acceptance records reflect that the airplane is complete and meets the FAA-approved type design data; and
- (2) A front seat is a seat located at a flight crewmember station or any seat located alongside such a seat.
- (h)(1) An operator may apply for deviation authority from the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section to conduct operations for the following purposes:
- (i) Flight training and the practical test for issuance of a type rating provided—
- (A) The pilot being trained and tested holds at least a commercial pilot certificate with the appropriate category and class ratings for the aircraft type;
- (B) The pilot receiving flight training is employed by the operator to perform a special purpose operation; and
- (C) The flight training is conducted by the operator who employs the pilot to perform a special purpose operation.
- (ii) Flights to designate an examiner or qualify an FAA inspector in the aircraft type and flights necessary to provide continuing oversight and evaluation of an examiner.
- (2) The FAA will issue this deviation authority as a letter of deviation authority.
- (3) The FAA may cancel or amend a letter of deviation authority at any time.
- (4) An applicant must submit a request for deviation authority in a form and manner acceptable to the Administrator at least 60 days before the date of intended operations. A request for deviation authority must contain a complete description of the proposed operation and justification that establishes a level of safety equivalent to that provided under the regulations for the deviation requested.

[Docket No. 18334, 54 FR 34308, Aug. 18, 1989, as amended by Docket FAA-2015-1621, Amdt. 91-346, 81 FR 96700, Dec. 30, 2016; Amdt. 60-6, 83 FR 30281, June 27, 2018]

§91.315 Limited category civil aircraft: Operating limitations.

No person may operate a limited category civil aircraft carrying persons or property for compensation or hire.

§91.317 Provisionally certificated civil aircraft: Operating limitations.

- (a) No person may operate a provisionally certificated civil aircraft unless that person is eligible for a provisional airworthiness certificate under §21.213 of this chapter.
- (b) No person may operate a provisionally certificated civil aircraft outside the United States unless that person has specific authority to do so from the Administrator and each foreign country involved.
- (c) Unless otherwise authorized by the Executive Director, Flight Standards Service, no person may operate a provisionally certificated civil aircraft in air transportation.
- (d) Unless otherwise authorized by the Administrator, no person may operate a provisionally certificated civil aircraft except—
- (1) In direct conjunction with the type or supplemental type certification of that aircraft:
- (2) For training flight crews, including simulated air carrier operations;
- (3) Demonstration flight by the manufacturer for prospective purchasers;
- (4) Market surveys by the manufacturer;
- (5) Flight checking of instruments, accessories, and equipment that do not affect the basic airworthiness of the aircraft: or
 - (6) Service testing of the aircraft.
- (e) Each person operating a provisionally certificated civil aircraft shall operate within the prescribed limitations displayed in the aircraft or set forth in the provisional aircraft flight manual or other appropriate document. However, when operating in direct conjunction with the type or supplemental type certification of the aircraft, that person shall operate under the experimental aircraft limitations of §21.191 of this chapter and when flight testing, shall operate under the requirements of §91.305 of this part.
- (f) Each person operating a provisionally certificated civil aircraft shall establish approved procedures for—
- (1) The use and guidance of flight and ground personnel in operating under this section; and
- (2) Operating in and out of airports where takeoffs or approaches over populated areas are necessary. No person

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may operate that aircraft except in compliance with the approved procedures

- (g) Each person operating a provisionally certificated civil aircraft shall ensure that each flight crewmember is properly certificated and has adequate knowledge of, and familiarity with, the aircraft and procedures to be used by that crewmember.
- (h) Each person operating a provisionally certificated civil aircraft shall maintain it as required by applicable regulations and as may be specially prescribed by the Administrator.
- (i) Whenever the manufacturer, or the Administrator, determines that a change in design, construction, or operation is necessary to ensure safe operation, no person may operate a provisionally certificated civil aircraft until that change has been made and approved. Section 21.99 of this chapter applies to operations under this section.
- (j) Each person operating a provisionally certificated civil aircraft—
- (1) May carry in that aircraft only persons who have a proper interest in the operations allowed by this section or who are specifically authorized by both the manufacturer and the Administrator; and
- (2) Shall advise each person carried that the aircraft is provisionally certificated.
- (k) The Administrator may prescribe additional limitations or procedures that the Administrator considers necessary, including limitations on the number of persons who may be carried in the aircraft.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2120-0005)

[Doc. No. 18334, 54 FR 34308, Aug. 18, 1989, as amended by Amdt. 91–212, 54 FR 39293, Sept. 25, 1989; Docket FAA–2018–0119, Amdt. 91–350, 83 FR 9171, Mar. 5, 2018]

§91.319 Aircraft having experimental certificates: Operating limitations.

- (a) No person may operate an aircraft that has an experimental certificate—
- (1) For other than the purpose for which the certificate was issued; or
- (2) Carrying persons or property for compensation or hire.
- (b) No person may operate an aircraft that has an experimental certificate

outside of an area assigned by the Administrator until it is shown that—

- (1) The aircraft is controllable throughout its normal range of speeds and throughout all the maneuvers to be executed; and
- (2) The aircraft has no hazardous operating characteristics or design features.
- (c) Unless otherwise authorized by the Administrator in special operating limitations, no person may operate an aircraft that has an experimental certificate over a densely populated area or in a congested airway. The Administrator may issue special operating limitations for particular aircraft to permit takeoffs and landings to be conducted over a densely populated area or in a congested airway, in accordance with terms and conditions specified in the authorization in the interest of safety in air commerce.
- (d) Each person operating an aircraft that has an experimental certificate shall—
- (1) Advise each person carried of the experimental nature of the aircraft;
- (2) Operate under VFR, day only, unless otherwise specifically authorized by the Administrator; and
- (3) Notify the control tower of the experimental nature of the aircraft when operating the aircraft into or out of airports with operating control towers.
- (e) No person may operate an aircraft that is issued an experimental certificate under §21.191(i) of this chapter for compensation or hire, except a person may operate an aircraft issued an experimental certificate under §21.191(i)(1) for compensation or hire to—
- (1) Tow a glider that is a light-sport aircraft or unpowered ultralight vehicle in accordance with §91.309; or
- (2) Conduct flight training in an aircraft which that person provides prior to January 31, 2010.
- (f) No person may lease an aircraft that is issued an experimental certificate under §21.191(i) of this chapter, except in accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this section.
- (g) No person may operate an aircraft issued an experimental certificate under §21.191(i)(1) of this chapter to tow a glider that is a light-sport aircraft or unpowered ultralight vehicle